

2022

PHYSICS — HONOURS

(Syllabus : 2019-2020 & 2018-2019)

Paper : CC-1

[Mathematical Physics - I]

Full Marks : 50

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.**Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*Answer **question no. 1** and **any four** questions from the rest.1. Answer **any five** questions :

2×5

(a) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{\sqrt{x}-2}{x-4}$, if it exists.(b) Plot schematically xe^{-x} vs. x for $0 \leq x < \infty$.(c) Find whether vectors $2\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$, $\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $4\hat{i} - 2\hat{j}$ are linearly independent.(d) Find the Taylor series expansion of $\ln x$ about $x = 2$.(e) Determine Wronskian of the two solutions to the following differential equation $x^4 y'' - 2x^3 y' - x^8 y = 0$.(f) Find the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & i \\ -i & 3 \end{pmatrix}$.

(g) Prove that the eigenvalue of a skew Hermitian matrix is purely imaginary.

2. (a) Plot the function $f(x) = x^2$ and its first derivative.(b) Find the constant term in the expansion of $\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^6$.(c) Check whether $df = (3x^2 - 3ay)dx + (3y^2 - 3ax)dy$ is an exact differential.(d) Find the series expansion of $\frac{1}{1-x}$. Mention its interval of convergence.

2+2+2+(2+2)

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(2)

Or,

(For Syllabus : 2018-2019)

(d) Consider

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^m \sin\left(\frac{1}{x^n}\right) & x \neq 0 \\ 0 & x = 0 \end{cases}$$

Find out the condition on m and n so that $f(x)$ is differentiable at $x = 0$.

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3. (a) Solve the equation :

$$e^x \sin y \, dx + (e^x + 1) \cos y \, dy = 0$$

(b) Check whether the function $\sin x$, e^x and e^{-x} are linearly independent or not.

(c) A rectangular box open at the top is to have a volume of 32 cc. Find the dimensions of the box that requires minimum surface area for its construction. 3+3+4

4. (a) Find the directional derivative of $\phi = x^2y + xz$ at $(1, 2, -1)$ in the direction of $\vec{A} = 2\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$.(b) If $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{F} = 4x\hat{i} - 2x\hat{j} + cz\hat{k}$ then find c .(c) Consider two vector fields $\vec{F}_1 = 2x\hat{i} - 2yz\hat{j} - y^2\hat{k}$ and $\vec{F}_2 = y\hat{i} - x\hat{j}$. Which of the above is a conservative field? For the non-conservative field, calculate the work done if it acts on an object moving from $(-1, -1)$ to $(1, 1)$ along the straight line joining the two points. 3+2+(2+3)5. (a) A fluid motion is given by $\vec{v} = (y+z)\hat{i} + (z+x)\hat{j} + (x+y)\hat{k}$. Show that the motion is irrotational and hence find the velocity potential.

(b) Use Green's theorem to evaluate

$$\oint_c [(xy + y^2)dx + x^2dy]$$

where c is the triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(1, 0)$ and $(1, 2)$.(c) Evaluate $\iint \vec{A} \cdot d\vec{s}$ where $\vec{A} = x \cos^2 y \hat{i} + xz \hat{j} + z \sin^2 y \hat{k}$ over the surface of a sphere with centre at the origin and of radius 3 unit. 3+4+36. (a) The matrices A and B satisfy $(AB)^T + B^{-1}A = 0$. Prove that if B is orthogonal, then A is anti-symmetric.(b) Find out the eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the matrix $M = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & a \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} (a \neq 0)$. Find out M^n where ' n ' is a positive integer.

- (c) Explain whether the inverse of the following matrix exists $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$. 2+(1+2+2)+3

7. (a) If $A^2 = A$, then show that $e^{tA} = \mathbb{I} + (e^t - 1)A$.

- (b) Given $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & a & b \\ -a & 0 & c \\ -b & -c & 0 \end{pmatrix}$; what can you comment on the nature of eigenvalues of A without solving the characteristic equation.

(c) Show that two similar matrices have the same characteristic polynomial.

- (d) Show that for an orthogonal matrix, each column is orthogonal to other ones. 2+2+3+3
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